

**WS F: Intermolecular Forces**

Substance #1	Predominant Intermolecular Force	Substance #2	Predominant Intermolecular Force	Substance with Higher Boiling Point
(a) HCl(g)		I <sub>2</sub>		
(b) CH <sub>3</sub> F		CH <sub>3</sub> OH		
(c) H <sub>2</sub> O		H <sub>2</sub> S		
(d) SiO <sub>2</sub>		SO <sub>2</sub>		
(e) Fe		Kr		
(f) CH <sub>3</sub> OH		CuO		
(g) NH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>4</sub>		
(h) HCl(g)		NaCl		
(i) SiC		Cu		

2. Rank the following substances in order from lowest to highest melting point.

CO<sub>2</sub>, NaCl, Ag, H<sub>2</sub>O, He, HBr

3. Rank the following substances in order from lowest to highest freezing point.

H<sub>2</sub>O, Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, Cr, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, OF<sub>2</sub>

4. Rank the following substances in order from highest to lowest boiling point.

Cl<sub>2</sub>, Ne, Ca, Cr(OH)<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, Diamond