Objectives:

- 1. Describe chronologically the history of atomic theory
- 2. Describe the experiments/discoveries that lead to the evidence of electron, protons, and neutrons and name the scientists behind each discovery
- 3. Describe properties of all three subatomic particles
- 4. Identify how atoms of different elements are different.
- 5. Define what an ion is
- 6. Define what an isotope is
- 7. Calculate average atomic mass
- 8. Compare and contrast unstable and stable isotopes
- 9. Describe uses of unstable isotopes
- 10. Explain how wavelengths of light emitted by an atom provide information about electron energy levels
- 11. Define quantum number
- 12. Write electron configurations
- 13. Compare and contrast excited and ground state
- 14. Define, describe, and calculate moles of an atom.
- 15. Calculate molar mass
- 16. Calculate % composition
- 17. Define hydrate
- 18. Describe how periodic table is arranged and why
- 19. Locate and describe the characteristics of main groups/families
- 20. Compare and contrast location and properties of metals and nonmetals
- 21. Describe periodic trend of ionization energy, electronegativity, and atomic radii and why
- 22. Describe periodic trends of metallic character and reactivity and why.

Vocabulary:

- electron
- nucleus
- proton
- neutron
- atomic number
- atomic mass
- isotope
- ion
- rutherford
- bohr
- thompson
- orbital
- spectrum
- ground state
- excited state

- electron configuration
- atomic mass
- group
- period
- valence electrons
- alkali and alkaline metals
- halogens
- noble gases
- transition metals
- ionization energy
- electronegativity
- atomic radii
- electron shielding
- Quantum number